Practice Problems for Exam 2

1. What will this print?
   ```python
class A:
    def __init__(self, x):
        self.value = x

    def __str__(self):
        return str(self.value)

class B(A):
    def __init__(self, x):
        A.__init__(self, x)

def main():
    b = B(5)
    print(b)

main()
```

2. The following program crashes. Why?
   ```python
class C:
    def __init__(self, x):
        self.value = x

    def Print(self):
        print(x)

def main():
    c = C(23)
    .Print()

main()
```
3. When I run the following program I get an error message that says method foo is being called with two arguments and it only has one. I only see one argument in the call foo(4) . What’s up with this?

```python
class D:
    def __init__(self, x):
        self.x = x

    def foo(y):
        return self.x+y

def main():
    d = D(32)
    print( d.foo(4) )

main()
```

4. Can objects of one class construct objects of another?
Will the following program run correctly or give an error?

```python
class Wand:
    def __init__(self, name):
        self.name = name

    def __str__(self):
        return self.name

class Wizard:
    def __init__(self, name, wandName):
        self.name = name
        self.wand = Wand(wandName)

    def __str__(self):
        return “Wizard %s has wand %s” %(self.name, self.wand)

def main():
    hp = Wizard(“Harry Potter”, “Elderwand”)
    print( hp )

main()
```
5. Here is a program that uses a dictionary to store info about bands and albums, such as “Beatles” and “Revolver”. The dictionary is called Albums. The keys are names of bands; the value associated with each band is a list of the albums made by that band.

```python
def main():
    Albums = { }

    done = True
    while not done:
        band = input( "Band name: ")
        if band == "":
            done = True
        else:
            album = input( "Album name: " )
            Albums[band] = album
```

This will crash the first time you try to add an album to the database. Why?

6. Here is a recursive function that computes factorials:

```python
def fact(n):
    return n*fact(n+1)
    if n <= 1:
        return 1
```

If I call this with something like print(fact(10)) it runs but doesn’t print anything until it finally overflows the stack. What is wrong?

7. Write a recursive function noSpace(s) that returns string s with all of its blank spaces removed. So noSpaces(“Oberlin College and Conservatory” is “OberlinCollegeandConservatory.”

8. Write a recursive function that sums the numbers in list L. So sum([5, 3, 2, 9, 1, 5]) returns 25.
9. Here are pictures of the level 1, level 2, and level 4 states of a recursive image.

Write a function `pic(x, y, size, level, canvas)` that generates these pictures.

10. Here is a class definition. Write a `main()` function that creates Persons Happy and Luna, sets Harry’s age to 15, make Luna be Harry’s friend, and prints both of them.

```python
class Person:
    def __init__(self, name):
        self.name = name
        self.age = 11
        self.friend = None  # a Person

    def setAge(self, a):
        self.age = a

    def setFriend(self, p):
        self.friend = p

    def __str__(self):
        if self.friend == None:
            return self.name
        else:
            return '%s whose friend is %s' % (self.name, self.friend.name)
```

```python
def main():
    Happy = Person('Happy')
    Luna = Person('Luna')
    Harry = Person('Harry')

    Happy.setAge(15)
    Luna.setFriend(Harry)

    print(Harry)
    print(Luna)
```
11. Give code that creates a subclass HogwartsStudent of class Person from question (10). The only differences between a Person and a HogwartsStudent is that the latter have attributes year, which is set in the constructor to 1, and house, which can be any of the strings “Ravenclaw”, “Slitherin”, “Griffendor” and “Hufflepuff”. There should also be methods SetYear( ) and setHouse( ).

12. Create a class Library that holds a catalog of books. A Library has a list of books. A book has an author, a title, and a year. The Library class should have a method SearchByAuthor( ) that will print all of the books in the library by that author.

13. Write a program that asks the user over and over for the name of a person and one of that person’s favorite things. The program keeps track of all of this information and at the end prints all of the people and their list of favorite things. For example we might have the following interaction:

   Person: Maria
   Favorite: Raindrops on roses

   Person: Maria
   Favorite: Whiskers on kittens

   Person: bob
   Favorite: python

   Person: Maria
   Favorite: Bright copper kettles

   Person: Maria
   Favorite: Warm woolen mittens

   Person: <Return>

   bob likes python
   Maria likes Raindrops on roses Whiskers on kittens Bright copper kettles Warm woolen mittens